

Where can a pronoun go?

In front of a conjugated verb.

In front of a negative command.

Attached to an affirmative command.

Attached to an infinitive.

Attached to the progressive.

In front of Attached to

Aug 18-5:25 PM

INDIRECT _____ <i>to whom?</i>	DIRECT _____ <i>what?</i>
_____ <i>for whom?</i>	_____ <i>who?</i>
The INDIRECT OBJECT is always a person (or animal).	The DIRECT OBJECT could be any noun (person, place, thing).
The INDIRECT OBJECT receives the action of the verb <i>indirectly</i> .	The DIRECT OBJECT receives the action of the verb <i>directly</i> .
Reinforces / personal "a"	Replaces
me nos	me nos
te os	te os
le les	lo, la los, las
When using both together the order is Indirect - Direct	

Nov 21-12:08 PM

Drag the correct object pronouns into the blanks to shorten the sentence:

Yo traje el teléfono a Carmen. =	Tú dijiste el secreto a ellas. =
Yo _____ traje.	Tú _____ dijiste.
Yo di las tijeras a ellas. =	Pancho les compró los chocolates. =
Yo _____ di las tijeras.	Pancho _____ compró.

me nos	me nos
te os	te os
le les	lo los
se	la las

Nov 4-10:03 AM

The pronoun "Se"

Consider the following:

Ella se cepilla los dientes.
("Se" reflexivo - Se represents "herself")

Ellos se abrazan.
("Se" recíproco - Se represents "each other")

Se lo compraste.
("Se" indirecto - Se represents a replacement for le/les)

"Se" Impersonal represents ideas in a way that express the opinion without any personal attachment.
¿Cómo se dice...? How is it said? How does one say...?

Sí, se puede. Yes *it* can be done.

Aug 18-5:25 PM

(Empty box)

May 10-1:59 PM
